



# SILICONE LUBE

## Material Safety Data Sheet

### SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

**Product Name** Wynn's Silicone Lube

**Other Names** 52850 300g  
AEROSOLS / ADG

**Recommended Use** Water proofing lubricant in aerosol form

**Supplier Name** Wynn's Australia Pty Ltd  
An (ITW), Illinois Tool Works Company  
ABN 73 000 370 150

**Address** 100 Hassall Street, Wetherill Park NSW 2164  
Private Bag 35, Wetherill Park DC NSW 2164

**Telephone Number** (02) 9828 0900

Email: [wynnsaus@wynns.net](mailto:wynnsaus@wynns.net)  
Website: [www.wynns.net](http://www.wynns.net)

**Emergency Phone Number** (02) 9828 0900 Monday-Friday 8.00am – 5.00pm  
13 11 26 (24 hours Australia) Poisons Information Centre (PIC)  
0800 764 766 (New Zealand) Poisons Information Centre (PIC)

### SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**Hazard Classification** HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE. DANGEROUS GOODS.  
Classified as hazardous according to the criteria of NOHSC.  
Classified as Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the ADG Code.

**Risk Phrase** R 36/37/38 Irritating to the eyes, respiratory system and the skin.  
R 40 Possible risks of irreversible effects.  
R 51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms and may cause long term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.  
R 65 May cause lung damage if swallowed.  
R 66 Repeated exposure may cause drying and cracking of the skin.

**Safety Phrase**

S 2 Keep out of reach of children.  
 S 14 Keep away from heat, ignition sources and oxidisers.  
 S 23 Do not breathe vapour.  
 S 24/25 Avoid contact with skin or eyes.  
 S 36/37/39 Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.  
 S 60 This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous wastes.

**SECTION 3****COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS****Pure substances**

Not applicable – Mixture

**Mixtures**

Chemical Identity	CAS Number	Proportion
Hydrocarbon Gas	68476-86-8	>90%
Polydimethyl Siloxane	63148-62-9	< 10%

**SECTION 4****FIRST AID MEASURES****Ingestion**

Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth with water. If symptoms persist, seek prompt medical assistance.

**Skin**

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear (while under safety shower if appropriate). Flush affected area with water for 3-5 minutes followed by washing gently with soap and water for a further 5 minutes. Rinse well and pat dry. If symptoms persist, seek prompt medical attention.

**Eye**

Immediately: Hold eye open and flush with clean water for at least 15 minutes. While flushing, gently pull upper and lower eyelids away from eyes and ensure carefully flushed. If symptoms persist, seek prompt medical attention.

**Inhalation**

Remove the patient (while wearing SCBA if concentrations are high) to fresh air. Allow to rest. Rinse mouth and nose with water. Provide artificial respiration if breathing stops. Seek prompt medical attention unless recovery is virtually immediate. Inhaling concentrated vapours ("Chroming") may prove fatal. Cases of "chroming" must be medically examined even if patient has apparently recovered.

**First Aid Facilities**

Provide normal industrial first aid facilities including eye-wash stations and safety showers as appropriate.

**Advice to Doctor**

Prolonged or repeated skin exposure may lead to dermatitis. Prolong exposure to high vapour concentrations may lead to CNS effects and liver or kidney disorders. "Chroming" may cause heart failure or damage, and brain damage through CNS effects. Aspiration of vomitus may cause chemical pneumonitis. A few unconfirmed cases of skin sensitisation after prolonged or repeated exposures have been reported.

Asthmatics and sufferers of other bronchial disorders should exercise particular care when working with aerosols. Provide supportive care and treatment based on the patient's reactions to the exposure.

## **SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

<b>Suitable Extinguishing Media</b>	Foam, dry chemical, water delivered as fine spray or fog.
<b>Hazards From Combustion Products</b>	Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, complex hydrocarbons, hydrogen chloride and phosgene gas may be formed on combustion. Vapour highly flammable. Fire may produce irritating or poisonous gases. Heat may cause violent rupture of containers. Vapours may travel significant distances to a source of ignition and flash back to the point of origin. Vapours may "pool" in low-lying areas. In storage fires, aerosol cans may "bleve", spreading burning liquid in their travel thus spreading fires.
<b>Precautions For Fire Fighters</b>	Avoid bodily contact with substance or run-off. Contain run-off for later collection and controlled disposal. Be aware of potential for "mini-bleves".
<b>Special Protective Equipment</b>	Wear SCBA and full turn out clothing.
<b>Hazchem Code</b>	None allocated.

## **SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

<b>Emergency Procedures</b>	Switch off or remove all potential ignition sources. Prevent material entering drains or waterways. Send unnecessary personnel out of area. Wear full protective clothing including rubber boots and respirator. If ventilation is poor, use SCBA.
<b>Methods and Materials for Containment and Clean Up Procedures</b>	Spread sand, soil or other inert absorbent over liquid. When saturated, collect into pails or drums, fit lids, label and place in a safe area to await disposal. Collect undamaged cans for return to store. Collect damaged or leaking cans, place in recovery drums for return to supplier or disposal under local authority approval.

## **SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE**

<b>Precautions for Safe Handling</b>	Wear suitable protective clothing. Ensure appropriate fire prevention measures are in place.
<b>Conditions for Safe Storage</b>	Store in accordance with AS/NZS 3833 or AS 1940 and local regulations. Note that many authorities require that aerosols are housed in caged enclosures to prevent the travel of "bleves". Keep away from incompatibles in accordance with the Australian Standards.

<b>SECTION 8</b>	<b>EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION</b>
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**National Exposure Standards**

Name	ES-TWA	ES-STEL	ES-Peak
None established for product.	-	-	-

Established for ingredients

Hydrocarbon Gas	1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	None Allocated	-
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**Alternative Standards****Biological Limit Values**

No biological limit allocated.

**Engineering Controls**

Use in well ventilated areas and ensure ventilation is adequate to maintain air concentrations below TWAs. Use local exhaust ventilation (flame-proof) in enclosed areas if necessary.

**Personal Protective Equipment****Respiratory Protection**

Not usually required. If exposure standards may be exceeded, use an organic vapour respirator to AS 1715 & 1716. Use SCBA in confined spaces.

**Eye / Face Protection**

Use safety glasses with side shields or goggles to AS 1337.

**Skin Protection**

Use butyl rubber or PVA gloves to AS 2161. Wear Tyvec or cotton coveralls fastened at the neck and wrists. Supplement with PVA apron if required.

**Thermal Hazards**

None required.

<b>SECTION 9</b>	<b>PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES</b>
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<b>Appearance</b>	Water-white aerosol spray
<b>Odour</b>	Undetectable
<b>pH Value</b>	Not applicable
<b>Vapour Pressure</b>	1820 mm Hg @ 25°C (Gas)
<b>Vapour Density</b>	Not available
<b>Boiling Point/Range</b>	-43°C to 115°C
<b>Freezing Point</b>	Not available
<b>Melting Point</b>	Not applicable
<b>Solubility</b>	Insoluble in water
<b>Density</b>	0.886 @ 15°C
<b>Flash Point</b>	300°C as concentrate -60°C as gas.
<b>Flammable Limits</b>	1.9 to 8.5% (Gas)
<b>Ignition Temperature</b>	287°C (Gas)
<b>Volatiles</b>	94.3 % volume

**SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

<b>Chemical Stability</b>	Under all normal conditions of use at normal temperatures and pressure the product is stable.
<b>Conditions to Avoid</b>	Heat and ignition sources.
<b>Incompatible Materials</b>	Oxidising substances.
<b>Hazardous Decomposition Products</b>	Oxides of carbon, hydrogen chloride and phosgene gas.
<b>Hazardous Reactions</b>	No hazardous polymerisation will occur.

**SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

<b>Toxicology Information</b>	Hydrocarbon Gas: LC <sub>50</sub> Inhal Rat 4 hr 658 g/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>Acute Health Effects</b>	
<b>Ingestion</b>	Harmful or fatal if swallowed. Rapid absorption through the lungs. Moderately toxic. May cause chemical pneumonia if aspirated into the bronchial system during vomiting.
<b>Inhalation</b>	High concentration of solvent vapours can be harmful in enclosed spaces. Vapours are harmful. Irritant to upper respiratory tract. Will cause dizziness, nausea.
<b>Eye</b>	Solvent vapours will cause irritation to eyes. Will cause eye irritation, blurred vision, burns.
<b>Skin</b>	May be absorbed through skin on long contact. Repeated exposures may cause drying and cracking of the skin.
<b>Chronic Health Effects</b>	
<b>Inhalation</b>	Excessive inhalation of vapours can affect the central nervous system leading to a loss of coordination and impaired judgment. Prolonged exposure can lead to stupor or unconsciousness. Deliberate inhalation of concentrated vapours, commonly known as "chroming", may prove fatal.

**SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

<b>Ecotoxicity</b>	No data
<b>Persistence/ Degradability</b>	No data
<b>Mobility</b>	Not available.

**SECTION 13                    DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Disposal Methods**                    Disposal must be in accordance with local regulations for hazardous industrial wastes.

**Special Precautions for Landfill or Incineration**    None allocated.

**SECTION 14                    TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

**UN Number**                            1950

**Proper Shipping Name**            AEROSOLS

**Class and Subsidiary Risk**            2.1

**Packing Group**                        None allocated.

**Special Precautions for User**            None allocated.

**Hazchem Code**                        None allocated.

**SECTION 15                    REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**Poisons Schedule**                    Not scheduled under 8 USDP

**Hazard Category**                    Harmful / NOHSC : 10005 (1999).  
All ingredients present on AICS.  
AEROSOLS / ADG Code Sixth Edition (1998).

<b>SECTION 16</b>	<b>OTHER INFORMATION</b>
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**Acronyms**

ABN	Australian Business Number
ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
ADG	Australian Dangerous Goods
AICS	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
AS	Australian Standard
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (USA)
COC	Cleveland Open Cup
EPA	Environment Protection Agency (Australian States)
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IP	Institute of Petroleum (UK)
NIOSH	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (USA)
NOHSC	National Occupational Health and Safety Commission (Australia)
NTP	National Toxicology Program (USA)
NZS	New Zealand Standard
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USA)
PEL	Permissible Exposure Level
PMCC	Pensky – Martens Closed Cup
SCBA	Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus
STEL	Short Term Exposure Limit
SUSDP	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons (Australia)
TLV	Threshold Limit Value
TWA	Time Weighted Average
UN	United Nations

**Abbreviations**

cP	centiPoise
cSt	centiStoke
g	gram
Hg	Mercury
kPa	kiloPascal
L	litre
m <sup>3</sup>	cubic metre
mg	milligram
mL	millilitre
mm	millimetre
°C	degrees of temperature in Celsius (Centigrade)
%	percent(age)

**Note**

This form has been prepared in accordance with the National Code of Practice for the Preparation of Material Safety Data Sheets 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition [NOHSC:2011 (2003)] issued by the National Occupation Health and Safety Commission April 2003.

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**END OF MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET**